



# Air quality



Clean air is essential for the health of humans, animals and the environment. Monitoring air pollutants helps us maintain our good air quality in NSW.

Air quality measures the amount of pollutants in the air we breathe relative to their potential impacts on our health. Good air quality means that while some substances and pollutants could still be found in air, they are not considered to be harmful.

In NSW, the major air pollutants monitored are particles and ozone. These mostly come from bushfire smoke, dust, and fossil fuel combustion from motor vehicles and industry.

## At a glance

### How NSW is tracking

- NSW air quality met national standards most of the time.
- The number of days exceeding these standards varies greatly each year depending on natural climate variations and local weather.
- While the community is generally satisfied with air quality in NSW, where concerns were raised at a local level, air pollution from road traffic and trucks was identified most often.
- Without addressing air pollution, health impacts will continue to increase as our population grows and becomes denser.

### Days air quality standards exceeded

**Air quality standards** for one or more pollutants were **exceeded** on **47 days** in **2023**. This compares with 19 days in 2022 and 53 days in 2021.

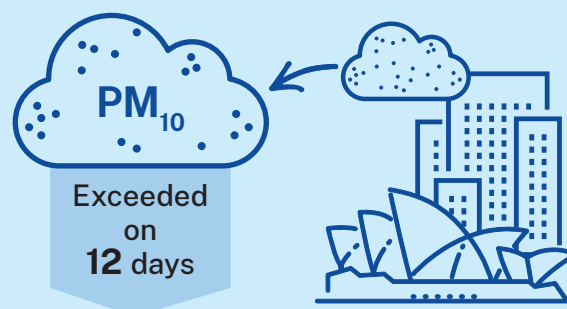


### The big picture

The World Health Organization (WHO) estimates that air pollution is as serious as other major global health risks, such as exposure to tobacco smoke and an unhealthy diet.

### Particulate matter pollution

Sydney exceeded air standards for PM<sub>10</sub> on **12 days** in 2023.























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## NSW status and trend indicators

These indicators measure air pollution concentrations in NSW.

Indicator	Environmental status	Environmental trend	Information reliability
Particles as PM <sub>10</sub>	 <b>MODERATE</b>	 Getting better Stable Getting worse	 Good
Particles as PM <sub>2.5</sub>	 <b>MODERATE</b>	 Getting better Stable Getting worse	 Good
Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	 <b>MODERATE</b>	 Getting better Stable Getting worse	 Good
Carbon monoxide (CO)	 <b>GOOD</b>	 Getting better Stable Getting worse	 Good
Nitrogen dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )	 <b>GOOD</b>	 Getting better Stable Getting worse	 Good
Sulfur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )	 <b>GOOD</b>	 Getting better Stable Getting worse	 Good

### Indicator table scales

- **Environmental status:** Good, moderate, poor, unknown
- **Environmental trend:** Getting worse, stable, getting better, unknown
- **Information reliability:**  Good  Reasonable  Limited

### Indicator definitions

PM<sub>10</sub> – Particles which are 10 micrometres (10µm) or less in diameter.

PM<sub>2.5</sub> – Particles which are 2.5 micrometres (2.5µm) or less across.